

**REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE  
FORMER SPENCER COUNTY  
SHERIFF**

**For The Period  
January 1, 2024 Through August 31, 2024**



**ALLISON BALL  
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**ALLISON BALL**  
**AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS**

**Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable Scott Travis, Spencer County Judge/Executive  
The Honorable Scott Herndon, Former Spencer County Sheriff  
The Honorable Andrew Ware, Spencer County Sheriff  
Members of the Spencer County Fiscal Court

**Report on the Audit of the Financial Statement**

**Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the former Sheriff of Spencer County, Kentucky, for the period January 1, 2024 through August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statement.

*Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting*

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the former Spencer County Sheriff for the period January 1, 2024 through August 31, 2024, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws as described in Note 1.

*Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles section of our report, the financial statement does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the former Spencer County Sheriff, for the period January 1, 2024 through August 31, 2024, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the period then ended.

**Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Program for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the former Spencer County Sheriff and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



The Honorable Scott Travis, Spencer County Judge/Executive  
 The Honorable Scott Herndon, Former Spencer County Sheriff  
 The Honorable Andrew Ware, Spencer County Sheriff  
 Members of the Spencer County Fiscal Court

## **Basis for Opinion (Continued)**

### *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the former Spencer County Sheriff on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky, to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

## **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the former Spencer County Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Spencer County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.

The Honorable Scott Travis, Spencer County Judge/Executive  
The Honorable Scott Herndon, Former Spencer County Sheriff  
The Honorable Andrew Ware, Spencer County Sheriff  
Members of the Spencer County Fiscal Court

**Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement (Continued)**

- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the former Spencer County Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we have identified during the audit.

**Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 2, 2025, on our consideration of the former Spencer County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, in considering the former Spencer County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, included herein, which discusses the following report finding:

2024-001    The Former Spencer County Sheriff Did Not Present A Final Settlement To The Fiscal Court Upon Vacation Of Office

Respectfully submitted,



Allison Ball  
Auditor of Public Accounts  
Frankfort, KY

October 2, 2025

SPENCER COUNTY  
SCOTT HERNDON, FORMER SHERIFF  
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Period January 1, 2024 Through August 31, 2024

Receipts

State - Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund (KLEFPF)	\$	28,768
State Fees For Services		50,212
Circuit Court Clerk		561
Fiscal Court/Election Commission		420
County Clerk - Delinquent Taxes		11,456
Commission On Taxes Collected		54,905
Fees Collected For Services:		
Auto Inspections	\$	5,595
Accident and Police Reports		829
Serving Papers		25,036
Carry Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits		4,880
Telecom		1,126
MIW		598
		38,064
Other:		
Add-On Fees	20,599	
Miscellaneous	3,822	
		24,421
Interest Earned		77
Total Receipts - Excess Fees Due Fiscal Court 2024		208,884
Payments to Fiscal Court - Monthly		208,884
Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit	\$	0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.



SPENCER COUNTY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

August 31, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Authority for the regulatory basis is found in Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS).

The Department for Local Government (DLG) is the regulatory agency responsible for establishing minimum accounting requirements for local government entities. The commissioner of the DLG is designated as the state local finance officer. (KRS 68.001). The DLG must prescribe and maintain “a uniform system of accounting and reporting on the receipt, use and handling of all public funds, other than taxes, due and payable to the state” from local government entities. (KRS 46.010(1)). The state local finance officer supervises the administration of the county uniform budget system and accounts and financial operations and must prescribe a “uniform system of accounts for all counties and county officials.” (KRS 68.210). Under this authority, the DLG requires local governments to follow guidelines set forth in its *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual* (Manual) to meet the minimum required reporting for financial statement purposes.

The regulatory basis is outlined in the Manual and defines the measurement, presentation, disclosure, and recognition requirements for financial transactions when preparing regulatory basis financial statements. The Manual includes the standardized format for quarterly reporting to DLG.

Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed, with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) as of December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2024 services
- Reimbursements for 2024 activities
- Payments due to other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections and payroll
- Payments due to vendors for goods or services provided in 2024

B. Fee Pooling

The former Spencer County Sheriff’s Office is required by the fiscal court to participate in a fee pooling system. Fee officials who are required to participate in fee pooling deposit all funds collected into their official operating account. The sheriff is responsible for paying all amounts collected for others, similar statutory payments, and any other costs allowed by the fiscal court order. Residual funds are then paid to the county treasurer on a monthly basis. The sheriff’s office submits invoices to the county treasurer for payment of the sheriff’s operating expenses by the fiscal court.

C. Measurement Focus and Excess Fees

The measurement focus of a fee official’s financial statement is upon current financial resources. A sheriff must remit to the fiscal court any income of his or her office, including the income from investments, that exceeds the sum of his or her maximum salary as permitted by the Constitution and other reasonable expenses, including compensation of deputies and assistants, when making his or her annual settlement. (KRS 134.192(12)). This settlement is due to the fiscal court by March 15 of each year. (KRS 134.192(11)). An outgoing sheriff shall make a final settlement with the fiscal court by March 15 immediately following the expiration of his or her term of office. (KRS 64.830). The fiscal court shall collect any amount due from the sheriff as determined by the audit. (KRS 64.820).

SPENCER COUNTY  
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT  
 August 31, 2024  
 (Continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

E. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the sheriff's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The sheriff's office has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which has been governed by the CERS nine-member board of trustees since April 1, 2021. The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) was created by KRS 61.505, effective April 1, 2021, to provide staffing and daily administrative needs for CERS and Kentucky Retirement Systems. CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions, vesting requirements, and provisions are established by statute and are determined by participation date and hazardous or non-hazardous participation.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees for calendar year 2024 was 23.34% for the first six months and 19.71% for the period July 1, 2024 through August 31, 2024. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 43.69 percent for the first six months and 38.61 percent for the period July 1, 2024 through August 31, 2024.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

CERS provides post-retirement health care, cost of living adjustments for all recipients of retirement benefits, and a retired member's death benefit, all determined by participation date and hazardous or non-hazardous participation.

Specific details about retiree pension and OPEB benefits can be found online at: <https://www.kyret.ky.gov/Publications>.

SPENCER COUNTY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT  
August 31, 2024  
(Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Kentucky Public Pension Authority's Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

KPPA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. Many of these annual reports are available online at <https://kyret.ky.gov>. Reports may also be obtained by writing the KPPA, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KPPA also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation, as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer reports and the related actuarial tables are available online at <https://kyret.ky.gov>. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

Note 3. Deposits

The former Spencer County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with federally insured banking institutions as required by the Manual. The Manual strongly recommends perfected pledges of securities covering all public funds except direct federal obligations and funds protected by federal insurance. In order to be perfected in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The former Spencer County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of the Manual. As of August 31, 2024, all deposits were covered by a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 4. On Behalf Payments

The former Spencer County Sheriff's Office is required by the Spencer County Fiscal Court to participate in a fee pooling system. Since the sheriff's office is fee pooling, the fiscal court pays the sheriff's statutory maximum and training incentive as required by KRS 64.5275. The former Spencer County Sheriff was paid the statutory maximum of \$72,069 for the year ended August 31, 2024.

Note 5. State Forfeiture Funds Account

The former Spencer County Sheriff maintained a bank account to receive and administer state forfeited drug funds. The money is used to make law enforcement purchases. The account had a beginning balance of \$27,304 with receipts of \$9,625 and disbursements of \$15,275 for the year. The account had a balance of \$21,654 as of August 31, 2024. The account was transferred to the incoming sheriff on September 1, 2024.

SPENCER COUNTY  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT  
August 31, 2024  
(Continued)

Note 6. Donation Account

The former Spencer County Sheriff maintained a bank account to receive and administer donated funds. The money is used for law enforcement purchases as specified in required donation documentation. The account had a beginning balance of \$2,583 and had no receipts or disbursements for the year. The account had a balance of \$2,583 as of August 31, 2024. The account was transferred to the incoming sheriff on September 1, 2024.

Note 7. K-9 Account

The former Spencer County Sheriff maintained a bank account to receive and disburse funds related to K-9 dog. The account had a beginning balance of \$1,016 with receipts of \$1,750 and disbursements of \$1,075 for the year. The account had a balance of \$1,691 as of August 31, 2024. The account was transferred to the incoming sheriff on September 1, 2024.

Note 8. Narcotics Account

The former Spencer County Sheriff maintained a bank account to receive and administer funds related to drug investigations. The account had a beginning balance of \$1,229 and had no receipts or disbursements for the year. The account had a balance of \$1,229 as of August 31, 2024. The account was transferred to the incoming sheriff on September 1, 2024.

Note 9. Fiduciary Account – Sheriff's Evidence Holding Account

The former Spencer County Sheriff deposited cash evidence into a custodial bank account. These funds are held until a resolution in the form of a court order is received. The funds are then remitted in accordance with the court order. The account had a beginning balance of \$26,865 with receipts of \$3,833 and disbursements of \$7,547 for the year. The account had a balance of \$23,151 as of August 31, 2024. The account was transferred to the incoming sheriff on September 1, 2024.

Note 10. Subsequent Events

The former sheriff retired on August 31, 2024, and a new sheriff was appointed by the county judge/executive on September 1, 2024.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND  
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL  
STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

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**ALLISON BALL**  
**AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS**

**Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And  
On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial  
Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

**Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable Scott Travis, Spencer County Judge/Executive  
The Honorable Scott Herndon, Former Spencer County Sheriff  
The Honorable Andrew Ware, Spencer County Sheriff  
Members of the Spencer County Fiscal Court

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Program for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the former Spencer County Sheriff for the period January 1, 2024 through August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2025. The former Spencer County Sheriff's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the former Spencer County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Spencer County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Spencer County Sheriff's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2024-001 to be a material weakness.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And  
On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial  
Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*  
(Continued)

**Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the former Spencer County Sheriff's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2024-001. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

**Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Allison Ball  
Auditor of Public Accounts  
Frankfort, KY

October 2, 2025



## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

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SPENCER COUNTY  
SCOTT HERNDON, FORMER SHERIFF  
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Period January 1, 2024 Through August 31, 2024

2024-001    The Former Spencer County Sheriff Did Not Present A Final Settlement To Fiscal Court Upon  
Vacation Of Office

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The former Spencer County Sheriff did not present a final settlement to the fiscal court upon vacation of office that showed funds received and expended between January through August 2024. A settlement was presented to the fiscal court on April 7, 2025, that included the financial activity of both the former sheriff and the incoming sheriff.

Due to management lack of oversight and the official not being aware of the proper procedures upon vacation of office, the final settlement was not presented to the fiscal court accurately. The sheriff's office is fee-pooling and the former sheriff did make all required excess fee payments.

As a result, the sheriff's office is in noncompliance with KRS 64.830.

KRS 64.830(1) states, "[a]n outgoing county official, as soon as his successor has been qualified and inducted into office and his official bond approved, shall immediately vacate his office, deliver to his successor all books, papers, records and other property held by virtue of his office, and make a complete settlement of his accounts as county official, except as otherwise provided in this section.

We recommend the sheriff's office comply with KRS 64.830 by presenting an annual settlement to fiscal court upon vacation of office to accurately reflect total receipts and disbursements from January through August 2024.

*Former Sheriff's Response: The official did not provide a response.*