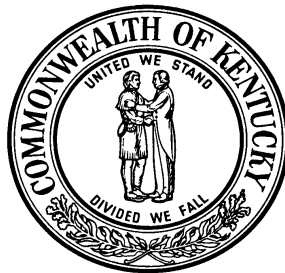


**REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE
PERRY COUNTY
CLERK**

**For The Year Ended
December 31, 2024**



**ALLISON BALL
AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS
auditor.ky.gov**

**209 ST. CLAIR STREET
FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817
TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841
FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912**

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ALLISON BALL
AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Scott Alexander, Perry County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Wayne Napier, Perry County Clerk
Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statement

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the County Clerk of Perry County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the Perry County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2024, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws as described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles section of our report, the financial statement does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Perry County Clerk, as of December 31, 2024, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (GAS)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Program for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Perry County Clerk and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



The Honorable Scott Alexander, Perry County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Wayne Napier, Perry County Clerk
Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court

Basis for Opinion (Continued)

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Perry County Clerk on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Perry County Clerk's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Perry County Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Perry County Clerk's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The Honorable Scott Alexander, Perry County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Wayne Napier, Perry County Clerk
Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement (Continued)

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we have identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2025, on our consideration of the Perry County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Perry County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, included herein, which discusses the following report findings:

- 2024-001 The Perry County Clerk's Fourth Quarter Financial Statement Was Materially Misstated
- 2024-002 The Perry County Clerk's Office Lack Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Respectfully submitted,



Allison Ball
Auditor of Public Accounts
Frankfort, KY

October 30, 2025

PERRY COUNTY
WAYNE NAPIER, COUNTY CLERK
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

Receipts

State Grant - House Bill 1	\$	58,850
State Grant - Libraries and Archives		15,678
State Fees For Services		10,771
Fiscal Court		26,871
Licenses and Taxes:		
Motor Vehicle-		
Licenses and Transfers	\$	956,889
Usage Tax		3,941,874
Tangible Personal Property Tax		3,298,696
Other-		
Marriage Licenses		8,636
Occupational Licenses		87
Deed Transfer Tax		43,873
Delinquent Tax		1,146,775
		9,396,830
Fees Collected for Services:		
Recordings-		
Deeds, Easements and Contracts		35,360
Real Estate Mortgages		31,830
Chattel Mortgages and Financing Statements		67,473
Document Storage		26,050
Affordable Housing Trust		11,538
All Other Recordings		31,069
Charges for Other Services-		
Candidate Filing Fees		1,190
Copywork		1,988
Extra Pages		5,662
		212,160
Other-		
Miscellaneous		8,276
Interest Earned		548

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

PERRY COUNTY
WAYNE NAPIER, COUNTY CLERK
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2024
(Continued)

Receipts (Continued)

State Advancement	<u>\$ 60,000</u>
Total Receipts	9,789,984

Disbursements

Payments To State:

Motor Vehicle-

Licenses and Transfers	\$ 684,102
Usage Tax	3,814,663
Tangible Personal Property Tax	1,241,058

Licenses, Taxes, and Fees-

Delinquent Tax	91,700
Legal Process Tax	20,311
Document Storage	26,050
Affordable Housing Trust	<u>11,538</u> \$ 5,889,422

Payments To County:

Tangible Personal Property Tax	338,634
Delinquent Tax	86,850
Deed Transfer Tax	41,679
Occupational Licenses	<u>71</u> 467,234

Payments To Other Districts:

Tangible Personal Property Tax	1,587,306
Delinquent Tax	<u>621,269</u> 2,208,575

Payments to Sheriff 99,056

Payments to County Attorney 149,490

Other Regulatory Payments:

Other Refunds 13,167

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

PERRY COUNTY
WAYNE NAPIER, COUNTY CLERK
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2024
(Continued)

Disbursements (Continued)

Operating Disbursements and Capital Outlay:

Personnel Services-		
Deputies' Salaries	\$ 480,248	
Part-Time Salaries	3,829	
Employee Benefits-		
Employer's Share Social Security	45,784	
Contracted Services-		
Advertising	152	
Printing and Binding	3,160	
House Bill 1 Grant Expenditures	58,850	
Libraries and Archives Grant Expenditures	15,678	
Supplies and Materials-		
Office Supplies	29,365	
Other Charges-		
Election Expense	20,869	
Conventions and Travel	6,764	
Dues	2,350	
Insufficient Funds Checks	147	
Insurance and Bonds	764	
Miscellaneous	1,638	
Postage	7,518	
Capital Outlay-		
Office Equipment	<u>25,949</u>	\$ 703,065
State Advancement		<u>60,000</u>
Total Disbursements		<u>\$ 9,590,009</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

PERRY COUNTY
WAYNE NAPIER, COUNTY CLERK
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2024
(Continued)

Net Receipts		\$ 199,975
Less: Statutory Maximum		<u>115,825</u>
Excess Fees		84,150
Less: Expense Allowance	\$ 3,600	
Training Incentive Benefit	<u>5,153</u>	<u>8,753</u>
Excess Fees Due County for 2024		75,397
Payment to Fiscal Court - March 15, 2025		<u>74,981</u>
Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit*		<u><u>\$ 416</u></u>

* - The county clerk presented a check to the fiscal court for excess fees on August 4, 2025

PERRY COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Authority for the regulatory basis is found in Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS).

The Department for Local Government (DLG) is the regulatory agency responsible for establishing minimum accounting requirements for local government entities. The commissioner of the DLG is designated as the state local finance officer. (KRS 68.001). The DLG must prescribe and maintain “a uniform system of accounting and reporting on the receipt, use and handling of all public funds, other than taxes, due and payable to the state” from local government entities. (KRS 46.010(1)). The state local finance officer supervises the administration of the county uniform budget system and accounts and financial operations and must prescribe a “uniform system of accounts for all counties and county officials.” (KRS 68.210.) Under this authority, the DLG requires local governments to follow guidelines set forth in its *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual* (Manual) to meet the minimum required reporting for financial statement purposes.

The regulatory basis is outlined in the Manual and defines the measurement, presentation, disclosure, and recognition requirements for financial transactions when preparing regulatory basis financial statements. The Manual includes the standardized format for quarterly reporting to DLG.

Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed, with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) as of December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2024 services
- Reimbursements for 2024 activities
- Payments due to other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections and payroll
- Payments due to vendors for goods or services provided in 2024

B. Measurement Focus and Excess Fees

The measurement focus of a fee official’s financial statement is upon current financial resources. A county clerk must remit to the fiscal court any income of his or her office, including the income from investments, that exceeds the sum of his or her maximum salary as permitted by the Constitution and other reasonable expenses, including compensation of deputies and assistants, when making his or her annual settlement. (KRS 64.152(2)). This settlement is due to the fiscal court by March 15 of each year. (KRS 64.152(1)). An outgoing clerk shall make a final settlement with the fiscal court by March 15 immediately following the expiration of his or her term of office. (KRS 64.830). The fiscal court shall collect any amount due from the county clerk as determined by the audit. (KRS 64.820.)

C. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

PERRY COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT
December 31, 2024
(Continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county clerk's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The clerk's office has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which has been governed by the CERS nine-member board of trustees since April 1, 2021. The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) was created by KRS 61.505, effective April 1, 2021, to provide staffing and daily administrative needs for CERS and Kentucky Retirement Systems. CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions, vesting requirements, and provisions are established by statute and are determined by participation date and hazardous or non-hazardous participation.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees for calendar year 2024 was 23.34% for the first six months and 19.71% for the last six months.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

CERS provides post-retirement health care, cost of living adjustments for all recipients of retirement benefits, and a retired member's death benefit, all determined by participation date and hazardous or non-hazardous participation.

Specific details about retiree pension and OPEB benefits can be found online at: <https://www.kyret.ky.gov/Publications>.

Kentucky Public Pension Authority's Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

KPPA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. Many of these annual reports are available online at <https://kyret.ky.gov>. Reports may also be obtained by writing the KPPA, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KPPA also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation, as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer reports and the related actuarial tables are available online at <https://kyret.ky.gov>. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

PERRY COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT
December 31, 2024
(Continued)

Note 3. Deposits

The Perry County Clerk maintained deposits of public funds with federally insured banking institutions as required by the Manual. The Manual strongly recommends perfected pledges of securities covering all public funds except direct federal obligations and funds protected by federal insurance. In order to be perfected in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county clerk and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the county clerk's deposits may not be returned. The Perry County Clerk does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of the Manual. As of December 31, 2024, all deposits were covered by a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 4. State Grants

- A. The Perry County Clerk's Office received a local records microfilming grant from the Kentucky Department for Libraries and Archives during calendar year 2023. The amount of the grant was \$36,001 and the grant period was July 1, 2023, to June 30, 2024. The beginning balance as of January 1, 2024, was \$15,678. During calendar year 2024, the county clerk expended \$15,678 leaving a balance of \$0 as of December 31, 2024.
- B. The Perry County Clerk's Office received an e-recording grant from the Kentucky Department for Local Government in the amount of \$134,521. During calendar year 2024, the county clerk received \$69 of interest and expended \$58,850 leaving a balance of \$75,740 as of December 31, 2024.

Note 5. Commitments: - Lease Agreements and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

The Perry County Clerk's Office was committed to the following lease agreements and SBITAs as of December 31, 2024:

Description	Effective Date	Length of Term	Frequency of Payments	Ending Date	Amount of Payments	Balance December 31, 2024
Leases:						
Computer Hardware	6/1/2024	60	Monthly	5/31/2029	\$ 811	\$ 42,983
Copier	2/1/2022	48	Monthly	2/1/2026	221	3,087
Copier	11/4/2020	60	Monthly	11/4/2025	196	5,421
Postage	8/31/2020	60	Quarterly	8/31/2025	328	655
SBITAS:						
Computer Software	6/1/2024	60	Monthly	5/31/2029	1,609	85,277

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL
STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

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ALLISON BALL AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And
On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial
Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Scott Alexander, Perry County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Wayne Napier, Perry County Clerk
Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Program for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the Perry County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2025. The Perry County Clerk's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Perry County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Perry County Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Perry County Clerk's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2024-001 and 2024-002 to be material weaknesses.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And
On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial
Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*
(Continued)

Report on Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Perry County Clerk's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2024-001.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Perry County Clerk's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The Perry County Clerk's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Allison Ball
Auditor of Public Accounts
Frankfort, KY

October 30, 2025

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

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PERRY COUNTY
WAYNE NAPIER, COUNTY CLERK
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

2024-001 The Perry County Clerk's Fourth Quarter Financial Statement Was Materially Misstated

The county clerk's fourth quarter financial statement report submitted to the Department for Local Government (DLG) was materially inaccurate. Receipts were overstated by \$133,915, disbursements were understated by \$283,498 and excess fees reported were overstated by \$330,086. While receipts and disbursement ledgers were accurate and properly maintained, the bookkeeper did not include the following disbursements on the fourth quarter report submitted to DLG:

- Tangible personal property tax payments of \$223,497
- State advancement repayment of \$60,000

Additionally, the bookkeeper overstated receipts on the fourth quarter report by including \$134,521 of state grant receipts, which are not part of excess fees collected by the office.

The bookkeeper produces quarterly reports, which are reviewed by the clerk and submitted to DLG. Internal controls failed to detect errors in the reconciliation of ledgers to the fourth quarter financial reporting process. The clerk's fourth quarter financial report submitted to DLG and the Perry County Fiscal Court was materially inaccurate.

KRS 46.010(2) requires, "each county treasurer, and each county officer who receives or disburses state funds, to keep an accurate account of receipts and disbursements, showing a daily balance of receipts and disbursements." KRS 46.010(3) requires, "all county officers handling state funds, other than taxes, to make an annual report to the Department for Local Government showing receipts and disbursements, and to make other financial statements as the Department for Local Government requires." Effective supervisory review is a basic internal control necessary to ensure the accuracy and reliability of financial reports.

Additionally, KRS 68.210 gives the state local finance officer the authority to prescribe a uniform system of accounts. The *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual* requires accurate financial reporting. Fee officials use a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

We recommend the county clerk implement stronger internal controls in the review of the financial reporting process and ensure that underlying accounting records, such as receipts and disbursements ledgers, reconcile with financial reports.

County Clerk's Response: We have received additional training to ensure the 4th quarter is accurately reflected on the report. This will be implemented immediately.

PERRY COUNTY
WAYNE NAPIER, COUNTY CLERK
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
For The Year Ended December 31, 2024
(Continued)

2024-002 The Perry County Clerk's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

The Perry County Clerk's Office lacks adequate segregation of duties over receipts, disbursements, and bank reconciliations. During our review of internal controls, we noted the bookkeeper receives cash, posts revenue and disbursements to the ledger, and completes the monthly bank reconciliations with the county clerk providing oversight of these duties. The lack of segregation of duties occurred because the county clerk failed to segregate incompatible duties. The county clerk states that he cannot hire additional employees to allow segregation of duties due to budget limitations. The limited number of employees restricts how the county clerk can delegate duties. Lack of segregation of duties resulted in inaccurate financial reporting to state and local taxing districts.

KRS 46.010(2) requires, "each county treasurer, and each county officer who receives or disburses state funds, to keep an accurate account of receipts and disbursements, showing a daily balance of receipts and disbursements." KRS 46.010(3) requires, "all county officers handling state funds, other than taxes, to make an annual report to the Department for Local Government showing receipts and disbursements, and to make other financial statements as the Department for Local Government requires." The segregation of duties is a basic internal control necessary to ensure the accuracy and reliability of financial reports. The segregation of duties over various accounting functions such as collecting receipts, preparing deposits, recording receipts and disbursements to the ledgers, and preparing reports or the implementation of compensating controls is essential for providing protection from asset misappropriation or inaccurate financial reporting. Additionally, proper segregation of duties protects employees in the normal course of performing their daily job duties.

We recommend the county clerk segregate duties over receipts, disbursements, and reconciliations. If segregation of duties is not feasible due to lack of staff, we recommend the county clerk implement and document strong oversight over incompatible functions. The person providing this oversight should document his or her review by initialing all source documentation.

County Clerk's Response: A limited budget restricts the number of employees the clerk can hire. We are currently in the process of additional training in our office.