REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE MCLEAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024



ALLISON BALL AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS auditor.ky.gov

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ALLISON BALL AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the People of Kentucky
The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor
Holly M. Johnson, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
The Honorable Curtis Dame, McLean County Judge/Executive
Members of the McLean County Fiscal Court

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statement

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis of the McLean County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise the McLean County Fiscal Court's financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balances – regulatory basis of the McLean County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles section of our report, the financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of each fund of the McLean County Fiscal Court, for the year ended June 30, 2024, or the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Fiscal Court Audit Guide* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the McLean County Fiscal Court and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



To the People of Kentucky
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Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the McLean County Fiscal Court on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

McLean County Fiscal Court's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the McLean County Fiscal Court's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the McLean County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement (Continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the McLean County Fiscal Court's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole of the McLean County Fiscal Court. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement; however, they are required to be presented in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws.

The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statement as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in this report. The other information is comprised of the schedule of capital assets but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statement do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statement, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statement, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 17, 2025, on our consideration of the McLean County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the McLean County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses included herein, which discusses the following report findings:

2024-001	The McLean County Fiscal Court Failed To Implement Adequate Internal Controls To Ensure
	Complete And Accurate Accounting Records Were Maintained
2024-002	The McLean County Fiscal Court Failed To Properly Reconcile The Payroll Revolving Account
2024-003	The McLean County Fiscal Court Lacked Internal Controls Over The Reporting Of Liabilities And
	Debt

Respectfully submitted,

Alhin Ball

Allison Ball

Auditor of Public Accounts

Frankfort, Ky

February 17, 2025

MCLEAN COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Fiscal Court Members:

Curtis Dame County Judge/Executive

Clay Troutman Magistrate
Robert Bishop Magistrate
Joseph Lowery Magistrate
Gary Johnson Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Donna Dant County Attorney

Christopher Ellis Jailer

Carol Eaton County Clerk

Stephanie King-Logsdon Circuit Court Clerk

Kenneth Frizzell Sheriff

Dale Ayer Property Valuation Administrator

John Muster Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Belinda Stirsman Former County Treasurer

Dana Mason Former Finance Officer



MCLEAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

MCLEAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Budgeted Funds

	Duage tea Funas					
		General		Road		Jail Ed
		Fund		Fund		Fund
RECEIPTS						
Taxes	\$	2,138,710	\$	134,861	\$	
Excess Fees		28,271				
Licenses and Permits		17,670				
Intergovernmental		1,369,597		1,510,950		77,330
Charges for Services		74,801				150
Miscellaneous		869,519		274,827		5,334
Interest		47,945		50,592		2,856
Total Receipts		4,546,513		1,971,230		85,670
DISBURSEMENTS						
General Government		1,599,299		13,846		
Protection to Persons and Property		22,454				170,284
General Health and Sanitation		229,379		20,001		
Social Services		1,416,050				
Recreation and Culture		42,859				
Roads				1,516,269		
Debt Service		404,486				
Capital Projects		396,277				
Administration		873,051		193,749		27,565
Total Disbursements		4,983,855		1,743,865		197,849
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over						
Disbursements Before Other						
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(437,342)		227,365		(112,179)
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						
Financing Obligation Proceeds		400,000				
Payroll Revolving Account		(33,895)				
Transfers From Other Funds		273,844		123,285		70,000
Transfers To Other Funds		(447,278)		(223,314)		,
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		192,671		(100,029)		70,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(244,671)		127,336		(42,179)
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		1,058,274		835,553		74,496
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	813,603	\$	962,889	\$	32,317
Composition of Fund Balance						
Bank Balance	\$	901,315	\$	1,043,197	\$	33,821
Payroll Revolving Account Reconciled Balance	Ψ	(33,895)	4	-,,,	*	,1
Plus: Deposits In Transit						
Less: Outstanding Checks		(53,817)		(80,308)		(1,504)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	813,603	\$	962,889	\$	32,317

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

MCLEAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Budgeted Funds Local Local County Government Government Clerk **Economic** Capital State Federal Economic Storage Assistance **Projects** Grants Grants **Ambulance** Development Fees Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund **Fund Fund** \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 64,085 342,906 687,570 14,880 30,065 919 2,059 9,384 162 530 13,018 65,004 2,059 352,290 162 15,410 730,653 43,057 192,052 12,500 56,500 881,320 133,000 28,945 397 1 50,830 43,514 309,881 1,570 233,073 12,500 73,969 43,514 691,434 1,165,223 (8,965)(41,455)(339,144)(434,570)162 2,910 50,000 210,000 (50,530)(25,707)50,000 (50,530)210,000 (25,707)(8,965)8,545 (389,674)(224,570)(25,545)2,910 25,545 27,072 24,002 501,527 435,046 14,096 0 18,107 32,547 \$ 210,476 0 111,853 17,006 \$ \$ 28,992 \$ 32,547 \$ \$ 111,853 \$ 205,057 \$ 17,006 10,000 (10,885)(4,581)18,107 32,547 \$ \$ 111,853 \$ 17,006 210,476

MCLEAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

	Budgeted Funds							
	(lational Opioid ttlement Fund		911 Fund	Western Fire Department Fund		Central Fire Department Fund	
RECEIPTS								
Taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Excess Fees								
Licenses and Permits								
Intergovernmental				164,100		11,500		
Charges for Services				222,905		29,593		56,200
Miscellaneous		14,884				18,332		501
Interest		3,088		8,214		3,356		15,226
Total Receipts		17,972		395,219		62,781		71,927
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government								
Protection to Persons and Property				274,459		50,469		19,587
General Health and Sanitation				. ,		,		-)
Social Services								
Recreation and Culture								
Roads								
Debt Service								
Capital Projects								
Administration		60		95,964		31,825		
Total Disbursements		60		370,423	-	82,294		19,587
E (D-f-i) -fDi-t- (O								· ·
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over								
Disbursements Before Other		17.010		24.706		(10.512)		52.240
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		17,912		24,796		(19,513)		52,340
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Financing Obligation Proceeds								
Payroll Revolving Account								
Transfers From Other Funds				19,700				
Transfers To Other Funds								
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				19,700				
Net Change in Fund Balance		17,912		44,496		(19,513)		52,340
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		66,202		158,087		79,592		295,461
	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	84,114	\$	202,583	\$	60,079	\$	347,801
Composition of Fund Balance								
Bank Balance	\$	84,114	\$	202,708	\$	60,317	\$	347,801
Plus: Deposits In Transit								
Less: Outstanding Checks				(125)		(238)		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	84,114	\$	202,583	\$	60,079	\$	347,801

MCLEAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

		Budgeted Funds	S	Unbudgeted Fund	
	Eastern Fire partment Fund	Southern Fire Department Fund	Southeastern Fire Department Fund	Justice Center Corporation Fund	Total Funds
\$		\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,273,571 28,271
	32,077	34,500 28,835	15,741	239,575	17,670 3,814,543 1,147,872
	56,189 3,902	5 1,405	1,804		1,284,536 164,460
	92,168	64,745	17,545	239,575	8,730,923
	13,046	22,100	19,472		1,860,754 1,529,691 382,380 1,444,995 43,256
	70.247	0.000		239,575	1,516,269 694,892 749,672
	79,247 92,293	9,000	19,472	239,575	1,545,104 9,767,013
	(125)	33,645	(1,927)		(1,036,090)
	(11,000) (11,000)		11,000		400,000 (33,895) 757,829 (757,829) 366,105
	(11,125) 85,939	33,645 42,348	9,073 30,991		(669,985) 3,754,231
\$	74,814	\$ 75,993	\$ 40,064	\$ 0	\$ 3,084,246
\$	74,814	\$ 86,116	\$ 40,064	\$	\$ 3,269,722 (33,895) 10,000
\$	74,814	(10,123) \$ 75,993	\$ 40,064	\$ 0	(161,581) \$ 3,084,246
φ	/4,014	ψ 13,773	φ 40,004	ψ 0	ψ 3,004,240

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

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MCLEAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statement of McLean County includes all budgeted and unbudgeted funds under the control of the McLean County Fiscal Court. Budgeted funds included within the reporting entity are those funds presented in the county's approved annual budget and reported on the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. Unbudgeted funds may include non-fiduciary financial activities, private purpose trust funds, and internal service funds that are within the county's control. Unbudgeted funds may also include any corporation to act for and on behalf of, and as the agency and instrumentality of the fiscal court in the acquisition and financing of any public project which may be undertaken by the fiscal court pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky law and thus accomplish a public purpose of the fiscal court. The unbudgeted funds are not presented in the annual approved budget or in the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of fund balances and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Department for Local Government and the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because the financial statement format does not include the GAAP presentations of government-wide and fund financial statements, cash receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and cash disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

Generally, except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

C. Basis of Presentation

Budgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following budgeted funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal governments, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the general fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the general fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Budgeted Funds (Continued)

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the state and federal governments.

Capital Projects Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for disbursements related to the energy project. The primary source of receipts for this fund is money from financing obligations.

State Grants Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for state grants and related disbursements. The primary source of receipts for this fund is grants from the state government.

Federal Grants Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for federal grants and related disbursements. The primary source of receipt for this fund is grants from the federal government.

Ambulance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the county's ambulance services. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants and fees for services.

Local Government Economic Development Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for activities of the county's effort for economic development. The primary source of receipts for this fund is state grants.

County Clerk Storge Fees Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the receipts and disbursements associated with the preservation of records within the county clerk's recording department. The primary source of receipts of this fund is the county clerk's collection of storage fees.

National Opioid Settlement Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for funds used to combat the county's opioid crisis. Receipts of this fund are received from the state as a result of the state's agreement with major opioid manufacturer and distributors.

911 Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the county's 911 services. The primary source of receipts for this fund is 911 surcharges.

Western Fire Department Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the county's emergency services. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants and fire dues.

Central Fire Department Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the county's emergency services. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants and fire dues.

Eastern Fire Department Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the county's emergency services. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants and fire dues.

Southern Fire Department Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the county's emergency services. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants and fire dues.

Southeastern Fire Department Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the county's emergency services. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants and fire dues.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Unbudgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following unbudgeted funds:

Justice Center Corporation Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the proceeds and debt service of revenue bonds that were issued to fund construction of public buildings.

D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The state local finance officer does not require the justice center corporation fund to be budgeted. Bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from this fund annually.

E. McLean County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials listed below from the geographic area constituting McLean County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of the McLean County Fiscal Court.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Deposits and Investments

The government's fund balance is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The government's fund balance includes cash and cash equivalents and investments.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations, and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

G. Long-term Obligations

The fund financial statement recognizes bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as disbursements. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as disbursements. Debt proceeds are reported as other adjustments to cash.

H. Related Obligations and Joint Ventures

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on this criteria, the following are considered related organizations of the McLean County Fiscal Court:

Four Star Regional Industrial Park Green River Regional Industrial Development Authority (GRRIDA) Paradise Industrial Park McLean County Park Board McLean County Cemetery Board

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based on this criteria, the following are considered joint ventures of the McLean County Fiscal Court:

McLean Joint City-County Planning Commission – The fiscal court entered into an agreement with four cities to form the commission, agreeing to pay costs, on a prorated basis, not covered by state or federal funds, creating a joint venture.

Connect GRADD – The fiscal court entered into an agreement with the area development district, agreeing to pay costs, on a prorated basis, not covered by state or federal funds.

Note 2. Deposits

The fiscal court maintains deposits of public funds with federally insured banking institutions as required by the Department for Local Government's (DLG's) *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual*. The DLG manual strongly recommends perfected pledges of securities covering all public funds except direct federal obligations and funds protected by federal insurance. In order to be perfected in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the fiscal court and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of the DLG's *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual*. As of June 30, 2024, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Transfers

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2024.

						Local				
					Gov	ernment				
					Ec	onomic	Eas	stern Fire		
(General	Road	Fede	ral Grants	Dev	elopment	De	partment		Total
	Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Tra	ansfers In
\$		\$ 223,314	\$	50,530	\$		\$		\$	273,844
	97,578					25,707				123,285
	70,000									70,000
	50,000									50,000
	210,000									210,000
	19,700									19,700
								11,000		11,000
\$	447,278	\$ 223,314	\$	50,530	\$	25,707	\$	11,000	\$	757,829
		\$ 97,578 70,000 50,000 210,000 19,700	Fund Fund \$ 223,314 97,578 70,000 50,000 210,000 19,700	Fund Fund \$ \$223,314 \$ 97,578 70,000 50,000 210,000 19,700	Fund Fund Fund \$ 223,314 \$ 50,530 97,578 70,000 50,000 210,000 19,700 19,700	General Road Federal Grants Dev Fund \$ 223,314 \$ 50,530 \$ \$ 97,578 70,000 50,000 210,000 19,700	Fund Fund Fund Fund \$ 223,314 \$ 50,530 \$ 97,578 70,000 50,000 210,000 19,700	General Road Federal Grants Development Development Development Development Fund Fund Fund Fund Sensitive Sensit	General Fund Road Federal Grants Fund Federal Grants Fund Development Fund Department Fund 97,578 70,000 50,000 210,000 19,700 210,000 11,000 11,000	General Fund Road Federal Grants Fund Fund Eastern Fire Department Department Fund Trade Fund Trade Trade

Reason for transfers:

To move resources from and to the general fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them.

Note 4. Custodial Funds

Custodial funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. In accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting, custodial funds are not presented on the financial statement.

Note 4. Custodial Funds (Continued)

The fiscal court has the following custodial fund:

Senior Citizens/GRADD Fund – This fund accounts for donations received for senior meals which are paid over to the Green River Area Development District (GRADD) monthly. The balance in the senior citizens/GRADD fund as of June 30, 2024, was \$585. This balance is included in the general fund balance of \$813,603.

Note 5. Leases

A. Lessor

1. Christina Woodburn Farm

On March 4, 2023, McLean County leased tracts of land to Alan Woodburn. The lease is for five years, and the county will receive annual payments of \$1,625. The McLean County Fiscal Court recognized \$1,625 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2024, receivable lease payments were \$4,875.

2. Bryan Austin

On January 26, 2021, McLean County began leasing tracts of land to Bryan Austin. The lease is for five years, and the county will receive annual payments of \$50. The McLean County Fiscal Court recognized \$50 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2023, receivable lease payments were \$50.

3. PJ Murphy

On June 30, 2023, McLean County began leasing tracts of land to PJ Murphy. The lease is for five years, and the county will receive annual payments of \$440. The McLean County Fiscal Court did not recognize any in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2024, receivable lease payments were \$2,200.

4. Health First

On June 1, 2021, McLean County began leasing office space to Health First. The lease is for five years, and the county will receive annual payments of \$7,200. The McLean County Fiscal Court recognized \$7,200 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2023, receivable lease payments were \$13,800.

5. Administrative Office of the Courts

On July 1, 2023, McLean County started leasing office space to the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC). This tenant shall have the option to renew the term of this lease each year. McLean County recognized \$73,405 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year related to the lease. As of June 30, 2024, McLean County's receivable for lease payments has been satisfied.

Note 5. Leases (Continued)

B. Lessee

1. Dispatch Copier

On August 14, 2020, McLean County entered into a 63-month lease agreement as lessee for the use of a copier. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,963, which is monthly payments of \$63. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease had been satisfied for the current fiscal year. The lease value of the outstanding payments is \$315.

Fiscal Year Ended		
June 30	An	nount
2025	\$	315
Total Lease Payments	\$	315

2. Dispatch Phone System

On July 28, 2022, McLean County entered into a 60-month lease agreement as lessee for the use of a phone system. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$104,100, which is annual payments of \$20,820 for five years. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease had been satisfied for the current fiscal year. The lease value of the outstanding payments is \$62,460.

Fiscal Year Ended	
June 30	 Amount
2025	\$ 20,820
2026	20,820
2027	 20,820
Total Lease Payments	\$ 62,460

Note 6. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

A. SBITA – FiscalBooks Accounting Subscription

McLean County entered into a subscription-based information technology arrangement for accounting software in the finance department. The subscription terms are 20 years totaling \$14,995, and McLean County will receive the right-to-use subscription asset (intangible asset). As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability was \$0.

B. SBITA - FiscalPay Accounting Subscription

McLean County entered into a subscription-based information technology arrangement for accounting software in the finance department. The subscription terms are 20 years totaling \$14,995, and McLean County will receive the right-to-use subscription asset (intangible asset). As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability was \$0.

Note 6. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) (Continued)

C. SBITA – FiscalExpress Accounting Subscription

McLean County entered into a subscription-based information technology arrangement for accounting software in the finance department. The subscription terms are 20 years totaling \$9,995, and McLean County will receive the right-to-use subscription asset (intangible asset). As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability was \$0.

D. SBITA - FiscalTax Accounting Subscription

McLean County entered into a subscription-based information technology arrangement for accounting software in the finance department. The subscription terms are 20 years totaling \$14,995, and McLean County will receive the right-to-use subscription asset (intangible asset). As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability was \$0.

E. SBITA – Voter Election Verification Subscription

McLean County entered into a subscription-based information technology arrangement for a voter election verification system. The subscription terms are three years totaling \$4,455, and McLean County will receive the right-to-use subscription asset (intangible asset). As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability was \$1,485. McLean County is required to make yearly payments of \$1,485.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	A	mount
2025	\$	1,485
Total Payments	\$	1,485

Note 7. Short-term Debt

A. Direct Borrowing

1. Line of Credit

On October 25, 2023, the McLean County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Farmers Bank and Trust Company in the amount of \$499,000 for a promissory note to be used as a line of credit. The interest rate is fixed at 5.980%. One payment of all outstanding principal plus all accrued unpaid interest is due on October 25, 2024. Regular quarterly payments of all accrued interest due as of each payment date, beginning January 25, 2024, with all subsequent interest payments to be due on the same day of each quarter after that. Upon default, including failure to pay upon final maturity, the total sum due under this note will continue to accrue interest at the interest rate under this note. Additionally, upon default, the lender may declare the entire unpaid principal balance under this note and all accrued unpaid interest immediately due, and the borrower will pay that amount. During fiscal year 2024, the McLean County Fiscal had \$400,000 in draws that were borrowed against this line of credit. The balance on the line of credit as of June 30, 2024, was \$0.

Note 7. Short-term Debt (Continued)

B. Changes In Short-term Debt

Short-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	\$	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$	\$		
Total Short-term Debt	\$ 0	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 0	\$ 0		

Note 8. Long-term Debt

A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

1. Ambulance

On May 29, 2019, the McLean County Fiscal Court entered into a promissory note and loan agreement with First State Bank in the amount of \$90,741 for the purchase of an ambulance. The interest rate is fixed at 3.50%. Payments of principal and interest are due annually for five years with a final balloon payment due in the sixth year. This note is secured by a 2018 Ford E450. Upon default, including failure to pay upon final maturity, the interest rate on this note shall be increased to 12.00% per annum. However, in no event will the interest rate exceed the maximum interest rate limitations under applicable law. Additionally, upon default, the lender may declare the entire unpaid principal balance under this note and all accrued unpaid interest immediately due, and the borrower will pay that amount. The principal balance as of June 30, 2024, was \$0.

2. First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A

On April 21, 2021, the McLean County Justice Center Corporation issued First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A in the amount of \$1,295,219. These bonds were purchased directly by U. S. Bank, National Association (the lender). The bonds were dated April 21, 2021, payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1, beginning September 1, 2021. The interest rate on the bonds is 1.32%. The McLean County Fiscal Court has a sublease with the AOC, for approximately 100% of the McLean County Judicial Center.

The facilities to be refinanced with the proceeds of the bonds (the project) have been leased by the corporation to the county and the AOC pursuant to a contract, lease agreement, and option dated as of April 1, 2021 (the lease) for an initial period from the date of issuance of the Bonds until June 30, 2022. Under the lease, AOC is granted the exclusive option to renew the lease for each succeeding biennial period ending June 30 of each even numbered year at rentals sufficient to pay the bonds and interest thereon as same become due. The county is initially under no obligation to make rental payments under the lease, except from payments made by AOC. The county has agreed to operate, maintain, insure, and repair the project so long as any of the bonds remain outstanding, but solely from payments to be made by AOC under the lease.

Note 8. Long-term Debt (Continued)

A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (Continued)

2. First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A (Continued)

The bonds are secured by the amounts provided under the lease, and which lease has been assigned to U.S. Bank National Association, as a lender, under an Assignment of Lease dated as of April 21, 2021 (the "Assignment of Lease"), from the Corporation to the Lender and a Loan Agreement dated as of April 21, 2021 (the "Loan Agreement"). The loan agreement does not contain any default clauses.

The Justice Center Corporation issued the bonds to refund the first mortgage refunding revenue bonds, series 2010. The refunding of the Series 2010 bonds has been accomplished pursuant to the notice of full optional redemption by U.S. Bank, National Association, the paying agent for the series 2010 bonds (the "Escrow Agent"). The principal balance at June 30, 2024, was \$696,832. Future interest and principal requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	_ <u>I</u>	Principal	Scheduled Interest				
2025 2026 2027	\$	233,201 232,680 230,951	\$	9,198 6,120 3,049			
Totals	\$	696,832	\$	18,367			

3. Energy Savings Project

On March 3, 2022, the McLean County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust in the amount of \$770,000 for the acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of various energy savings projects. The interest rate is 2.85%, with payments due annually for 20 years.

Whenever any event of default under section 27 of the lease agreement has occurred and is continuing, the lessor may without any further demand or notice, take one or any combination of the following remedial steps:

- (a) By appropriate court action, enforce the pledge set forth in Section 2 of the Ordinance and Section 11 of this lease so that during the remaining lease term there is levied on all the taxable property in the lessee, in addition to all other taxes, without limitation as to the rate or amount, a direct tax annually in the amount sufficient to pay the lease rental payments when and as due;
- (b) take legal title to, and sell or re-lease the project or any portion thereof;
- (c) take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or desirable to enforce its rights in and to the project under this lease (including, without limitation, the right to possession of the project and the right to sell or re-lease or otherwise dispose of the project in accordance with applicable law); and/or take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or desirable to enforce performance by the lessee of the applicable covenants and agreements of the lessee under this lease (subject, however, to the limitations thereon contained in this lease) and to recover damages for the breach thereof.

The principal balance on June 30, 2024, was \$750,000. Future interest and principal requirements are:

Note 8. Long-term Debt (Continued)

A. Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (Continued)

3. Energy Savings Project (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ending			Scheduled			
June 30	F	Principal	Interest			
2025	\$		\$	33,239		
2026		20,000		32,739		
2027		10,000		31,939		
2028		10,000		31,414		
2029		25,000		30,514		
2030-2034		185,000 129		129,758		
2035-2039		295,000		75,820		
2040-2042		205,000		15,260		
Totals	\$	750,000	\$	380,683		

B. Changes In Long-term Debt

Long-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	
	Balance	Additions Reductions		Balance	One Year	
Direct Borrowings and	Ф. 1.722.072	Φ.	Ф. 207.241	Ф. 1. 44 <i>с</i> 022	Ф. 222.201	
Direct Placements	\$ 1,733,073		\$ 286,241	\$ 1,446,832	\$ 233,201	
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 1,733,073	\$ 0	\$ 286,241	\$ 1,446,832	\$ 233,201	

C. Aggregate Debt Schedule

The amount of required principal and interest payments on long-term obligations at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Direct Borrowings and					
	Direct Placements					
Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30		Interest				
2025	\$	233,201	\$	42,437		
2026		252,680		38,859		
2027		240,951		34,987		
2028		10,000		31,414		
2029		25,000		30,514		
2030-2034		185,000		129,758		
2035-2039		295,000		75,820		
2040-2042		205,000		15,260		
Totals	\$	1,446,832	\$	399,049		

Note 9. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems (Ky. Ret. Sys.). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Effective April 1, 2021, the Kentucky Public Pension Authority (KPPA) was created by KRS 61.505 to provide staffing and daily administrative needs for CERS and Ky. Ret. Sys. The CERS nine member board of trustees is responsible for the governance of the CERS pension and insurance plans.

The county's contribution for FY 2022 was \$539,048, FY 2023 was \$594,899, and FY 2024 was \$605,817.

Nonhazardous

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5% of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 6% of their salary to be allocated as follows: 5% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the Ky. Ret. Sys. insurance fund.

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, were required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own accounts. Nonhazardous covered employees contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Nonhazardous members also contribute 1% to the health insurance fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Ky. Ret. Sys. Board of Directors based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a 4% employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 23.34%.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

A. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1

CERS provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Note 9. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

A. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 1 (Continued)

Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Benefits are covered under KRS 78.5536.

B. Health Insurance Coverage - Tier 2 and Tier 3 - Nonhazardous

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, they earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually by 1.5%. This was established for Tier 2 members during the 2008 Special Legislative Session by House Bill 1. During the 2013 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 was enacted, creating Tier 3 benefits for members.

The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually as a 1.5% cost of living adjustment (COLA) since July 2003 when the law changed. The annual increase is cumulative and continues to accrue after the member's retirement.

Tier 2 member benefits are covered by KRS 78.5536. Tier 3 members are not covered by the same provisions.

C. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 1

The 1996 General Assembly enacted an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) provision for all recipients of Ky. Ret. Sys. benefits. During the 2008 Special Session, the General Assembly determined that each July beginning in 2009, retirees who have been receiving a retirement allowance for at least 12 months will receive an automatic COLA of 1.5%. The COLA is not a guaranteed benefit. If a retiree has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months, and a COLA is provided, it will be prorated based on the number of months the recipient has been receiving a benefit.

D. Cost of Living Adjustments - Tier 2 and Tier 3

No COLA is given unless authorized by the legislature with specific criteria. To this point, no COLA has been authorized by the legislature for Tier 2 or Tier 3 members.

Note 9. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

E. Death Benefit

If a retired member is receiving a monthly benefit based on at least 48 months of service credit, KPPA will pay a \$5,000 death benefit payment to the beneficiary designated by the member specifically for this benefit. Members with multiple accounts are entitled to only one death benefit.

F. Ky. Ret. Sys. Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

Ky. Ret. Sys. issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

KPPA also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer reports and the related actuarial tables are available online at https://kyret.ky.gov. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

Note 10. Deferred Compensation

The McLean County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax-sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees, and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permit all full-time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 501 High Street, 2nd Floor, Frankfort, KY 40601, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 11. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the McLean County Fiscal Court was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 12. Related Party Transaction

The McLean County Fiscal Court paid \$1,475 for fiscal year June 30, 2024, to a lawn care business owned by a magistrate's son.

Note 13. Payroll Revolving Account

The reconciled balance of the payroll revolving account of (\$33,895), as of June 30, 2024, was added to the general fund cash balance for financial reporting purposes.

Note 14. Prior Period Adjustments

	General		A	mbulance	911		
		Fund	Fund			Fund	
Ending Fund Balances Prior Year	\$	1,056,951	\$	434,917	\$	157,537	
Prior Year Voided Checks		1,323		129		550	
Beginning Fund Balances Restated	\$	1,058,274	\$	435,046	\$	158,087	

Note 15. Commitments & Contingencies

The county is involved in a lawsuit. While individually it may not be significant, in the aggregate it could negatively impact the county's financial position. Due to the uncertainty of the litigation, a reasonable estimate of the financial impact on the county cannot be made at this time.



MCLEAN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024



MCLEAN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

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	GENERAL FUND								
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
RECEIPTS									
Taxes	\$	1,993,500	\$	2,110,943	\$	2,138,710	\$	27,767	
Excess Fees		51,425		62,556		28,271		(34,285)	
Licenses and Permits		3,700		16,602		17,670		1,068	
Intergovernmental		1,875,400		1,884,306		1,369,597		(514,709)	
Charges for Services		64,000		67,146		74,801		7,655	
Miscellaneous		656,775		899,219		869,519		(29,700)	
Interest		15,000		41,497		47,945		6,448	
Total Receipts		4,659,800		5,082,269		4,546,513		(535,756)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
General Government		1,665,548		1,909,998		1,599,299		310,699	
Protection to Persons and Property		25,201		90,202		22,454		67,748	
General Health and Sanitation		248,080		315,980		229,379		86,601	
Social Services		994,780		1,540,181		1,416,050		124,131	
Recreation and Culture		44,500		50,500		42,859		7,641	
Debt Service		499,000		499,000		404,486		94,514	
Capital Projects		1,100,000		700,000		396,277		303,723	
Administration		970,005		1,320,672		873,051		447,621	
Total Disbursements		5,547,114		6,426,533		4,983,855		1,442,678	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(887,314)		(1,344,264)		(437,342)		906,922	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Financing Obligation Proceeds		499,000		499,000		400,000		(99,000)	
Transfers From Other Funds		223,214		223,214		273,844		50,630	
Transfers To Other Funds		(434,900)		(434,900)		(447,278)		(12,378)	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		287,314		287,314		226,566		(60,748)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(600,000)		(1,056,950)		(210,776)		846,174	
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		600,000		1,056,950		1,058,274		1,324	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	847,498	\$	847,498	

MCLEAN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND								
		Budgeted Original	ounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
RECEIPTS		Original		Tillal		Basis)		Negative)	
Taxes	\$	135,000	\$	135,000	\$	134,861	\$	(139)	
Intergovernmental		1,486,991		1,661,930		1,510,950		(150,980)	
Miscellaneous		500		270,116		274,827		4,711	
Interest		11,000		41,991		50,592		8,601	
Total Receipts		1,633,491		2,109,037		1,971,230		(137,807)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
General Government		14,400		13,400		13,846		(446)	
General Health and Sanitation		44,465		44,465		20,001		24,464	
Roads		1,559,700		2,172,700		1,516,269		656,431	
Administration		591,712		490,811		193,749		297,062	
Total Disbursements		2,210,277		2,721,376		1,743,865		977,511	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over									
Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(576,786)		(612,339)		227,365		839,704	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Transfers From Other Funds						123,285		123,285	
Transfers To Other Funds		(223,214)		(223,214)		(223,314)		(100)	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(223,214)		(223,214)		(100,029)		123,185	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(800,000)		(835,553)		127,336		962,889	
Fund Balance - Beginning		800,000		835,553		835,553			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	962,889	\$	962,889	

	JAIL FUND										
		Budgeted Original	l Amo	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
RECEIPTS		Olighai		1 11811		<u>Busis</u>		(egaire)			
Intergovernmental	\$	81,200	\$	81,200	\$	77,330	\$	(3,870)			
Charges for Services						150		150			
Miscellaneous		8,500		9,267		5,334		(3,933)			
Interest		100		2,494		2,856		362			
Total Receipts		89,800		92,961		85,670		(7,291)			
DISBURSEMENTS											
Protection to Persons and Property		241,578		247,348		170,284		77,064			
Administration		48,422		75,309		27,565		47,744			
Total Disbursements		290,000		322,657		197,849		124,808			
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other											
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(200,200)		(229,696)		(112,179)		117,517			
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)											
Transfers From Other Funds		155,200		155,200		70,000		(85,200)			
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		155,200		155,200		70,000		(85,200)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(45,000)		(74,496)		(42,179)		32,317			
Fund Balance - Beginning		45,000		74,496		74,496					
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	32,317	\$	32,317			

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS							
Intergovernmental	\$ 90,000	\$	90,000	\$	64,085	\$	(25,915)
Miscellaneous	1,000		1,000				(1,000)
Interest	 250		706		919		213
Total Receipts	 91,250		91,706		65,004		(26,702)
DISBURSEMENTS							
General Government	53,000		59,500		43,057		16,443
Protection to Persons and Property	20,000		20,000				20,000
Social Services	35,000		35,000		28,945		6,055
Recreation and Culture	5,000		1,500		397		1,103
Administration	3,250		2,778		1,570		1,208
Total Disbursements	 116,250		118,778		73,969		44,809
Net Change in Fund Balance	(25,000)		(27,072)		(8,965)		18,107
Fund Balance - Beginning	 25,000		27,072		27,072		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	18,107	\$	18,107

	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND										
		Amounts	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive							
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)							
RECEIPTS											
Interest	\$	\$ 1,762	\$ 2,059	\$ 297							
Total Receipts		1,762	2,059	297							
DISBURSEMENTS											
Capital Projects	45,000	48,500	43,514	4,986							
Administration	17,000	27,264		27,264							
Total Disbursements	62,000	75,764	43,514	32,250							
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over											
Disbursements Before Other											
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(62,000)	(74,002)	(41,455)	32,547							
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)											
Transfers From Other Funds	50,000	50,000	50,000								
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	50,000	50,000	50,000								
Net Change in Fund Balance	(12,000)	(24,002)	8,545	32,547							
Fund Balance - Beginning	12,000	24,002	24,002								
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 32,547	\$ 32,547							

		STATE GRANTS FUND										
	Budget	ed Amounts	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive								
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)								
RECEIPTS												
Total Receipts	\$	\$	\$	\$								
DISBURSEMENTS Total Disbursements		_										
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning												
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0 \$	0 \$								

	FEDERAL GRANTS FUND										
		Budgeted Original	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
RECEIPTS											
Intergovernmental	\$	729,000	\$	779,258	\$	342,906	\$	(436,352)			
Interest		2,000		8,370		9,384		1,014			
Total Receipts		731,000		787,628		352,290		(435,338)			
DISBURSEMENTS											
General Government		500,000		400,000		192,052		207,948			
Protection to Persons and Property		200,000		200,000		56,500		143,500			
General Health and Sanitation				233,000		133,000		100,000			
Debt Service				1		1					
Capital Projects		200,000		333,681		309,881		23,800			
Administration		231,000		122,473				122,473			
Total Disbursements		1,131,000		1,289,155		691,434		597,721			
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over											
Disbursements Before Other											
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(400,000)		(501,527)		(339,144)		162,383			
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)											
Transfers To Other Funds						(50,530)		(50,530)			
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						(50,530)		(50,530)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(400,000)		(501,527)		(389,674)		111,853			
Fund Balance - Beginning		400,000		501,527		501,527		•			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	111,853	\$	111,853			

	AMBULANCE FUND									
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
RECEIPTS		_				_				
Charges for Services	\$	770,000	\$	770,000	\$	687,570	\$	(82,430)		
Miscellaneous		2,000		30,065		30,065				
Interest		4,000		11,535		13,018		1,483		
Total Receipts		776,000		811,600		730,653		(80,947)		
DISBURSEMENTS										
Protection to Persons and Property		849,900		1,006,950		881,320		125,630		
Debt Service		10,000		50,830		50,830				
Administration		306,100		398,737		233,073		165,664		
Total Disbursements		1,166,000		1,456,517		1,165,223		291,294		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other										
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(390,000)		(644,917)		(434,570)		210,347		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)										
Transfers From Other Funds		210,000		210,000		210,000				
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		210,000		210,000		210,000				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(180,000)		(434,917)		(224,570)		210,347		
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		180,000		434,917		435,046		129		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	210,476	\$	210,476		

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

	Bi	udgeted Ar	nounts	Aı	Actual mounts, udgetary	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Origir	nal	Final	1	Basis)	(N	legative)
RECEIPTS							
Interest	\$	\$		\$	162	\$	162
Total Receipts					162		162
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over							
Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)				_	162		162
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)							
Transfers To Other Funds					(25,707)		(25,707)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)					(25,707)		(25,707)
Net Change in Fund Balance					(25,545)		(25,545)
Fund Balance - Beginning					25,545		25,545
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0_\$	0	\$	0	\$	0_

	COUNTY CLERK STORAGE FEES FUND									
		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	A (B	Actual mounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
RECEIPTS										
Miscellaneous	\$	13,000	\$	13,360	\$	14,880	\$	1,520		
Interest		75		470		530		60		
Total Receipts		13,075		13,830		15,410		1,580		
DISBURSEMENTS										
General Government		26,575		27,171		12,500		14,671		
Administration				755				755		
Total Disbursements		26,575		27,926		12,500		15,426		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(13,500)		(14,096)		2,910		17,006		
Fund Balance - Beginning		13,500		14,096		14,096				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	17,006	\$	17,006		

	 NATIONAL OPIOID SETTLEMENT FUND									
	Budgeted Original	. Amo	unts Final	A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
RECEIPTS										
Miscellaneous	\$ 10,000	\$	14,864	\$	14,884	\$	20			
Interest			2,758		3,088		330			
Total Receipts	 10,000		17,622		17,972		350			
DISBURSEMENTS										
Administration	77,000		84,622		60		84,562			
Total Disbursements	 77,000		84,622		60		84,562			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(67,000)		(67,000)		17,912		84,912			
Fund Balance - Beginning	 67,000		67,000		66,202		(798)			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	84,114	\$	84,114			

	911 FUND									
		Budgeted			Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive				
RECEIPTS		Original		Final		Basis)	1)	Negative)		
	¢	100.000	ø	104 100	¢	164 100	¢	(20,000)		
Intergovernmental	\$	190,000	\$	194,100 228,000	\$	164,100	\$	(30,000)		
Charges for Services Interest		228,000				222,905 8,214		(5,095)		
Total Receipts	-	1,200 419,200		6,646 428,746		395,219		1,568 (33,527)		
DISBURSEMENTS				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Protection to Persons and Property		391,810		441,310		274,459		166,851		
Debt Service		30,500		30,500		271,137		30,500		
Administration		138,590		164,173		95,964		68,209		
Total Disbursements		560,900		635,983		370,423		265,560		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over										
Disbursements Before Other										
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(141,700)		(207,237)		24,796		232,033		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)										
Financing Obligation Proceeds		30,000		30,000				(30,000)		
Transfers From Other Funds		19,700		19,700		19,700				
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		49,700		49,700		19,700		(30,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(92,000)		(157,537)		44,496		202,033		
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)		92,000		157,537		158,087		550		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	202,583	\$	202,583		

WESTERN FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND

		Budgeted Original	unts Final	A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS								<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$	11,500	\$	11,500	\$	11,500	\$	
Charges for Services		28,350		29,546		29,593		47
Miscellaneous		2,100		11,348		18,332		6,984
Interest		150		2,993		3,356		363
Total Receipts		42,100		55,387		62,781		7,394
DISBURSEMENTS								
Protection to Persons and Property		67,000		73,000		50,469		22,531
Administration		40,100		61,979		31,825		30,154
Total Disbursements		107,100		134,979		82,294		52,685
Net Change in Fund Balance		(65,000)		(79,592)		(19,513)		60,079
Fund Balance - Beginning		65,000		79,592		79,592		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	60,079	\$	60,079

CENTRAL FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND

	Budgeted Original	ounts Final	A (E	Actual amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS							
Intergovernmental	\$ 11,000	\$	11,000	\$		\$	(11,000)
Charges for Services	55,000		55,908		56,200		292
Miscellaneous	2,100		2,100		501		(1,599)
Interest	1,800		12,489		15,226		2,737
Total Receipts	 69,900		81,497		71,927		(9,570)
DISBURSEMENTS							
Protection to Persons and Property	45,350		45,350		19,587		25,763
Administration	264,550		331,608				331,608
Total Disbursements	309,900		376,958		19,587		357,371
Net Change in Fund Balance	(240,000)		(295,461)		52,340		347,801
Fund Balance - Beginning	 240,000		295,461		295,461		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	347,801	\$	347,801

	EASTERN FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND							
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS						, ,		,
Intergovernmental	\$	11,000	\$	11,000	\$		\$	(11,000)
Charges for Services		30,500		32,031		32,077		46
Miscellaneous		100		56,189		56,189		
Interest		120		3,321		3,902		581
Total Receipts		41,720		102,541		92,168		(10,373)
DISBURSEMENTS								
Protection to Persons and Property		23,500		30,700		13,046		17,654
Administration		98,220		157,780		79,247		78,533
Total Disbursements		121,720		188,480		92,293		96,187
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(80,000)		(85,939)		(125)		85,814
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers To Other Funds						(11,000)		(11,000)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						(11,000)		(11,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(80,000)		(85,939)		(11,125)		74,814
Fund Balance - Beginning		80,000		85,939		85,939		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	74,814	\$	74,814

SOUTHERN FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
RECEIPTS	 Original		Тпа		Basis)		(cgative)
Intergovernmental	\$ 11,000	\$	11,000	\$	34,500	\$	23,500
Charges for Services	28,000		28,702		28,835		133
Miscellaneous	4,000		4,000		5		(3,995)
Interest	50		1,068		1,405		337
Total Receipts	43,050		44,770		64,745		19,975
DISBURSEMENTS							
Protection to Persons and Property	30,500		47,800		22,100		25,700
Administration	 52,550		39,318		9,000		30,318
Total Disbursements	 83,050		87,118		31,100		56,018
Net Change in Fund Balance	(40,000)		(42,348)		33,645		75,993
Fund Balance - Beginning	 40,000		42,348		42,348		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	75,993	\$	75,993

	SOUTHEASTERN FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND							
		Budgeted Original	sudgeted Amounts nal Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
RECEIPTS		<u> </u>				,		
Intergovernmental	\$	11,000	\$	11,000	\$		\$	(11,000)
Charges for Services		16,000		16,000		15,741		(259)
Miscellaneous		100		100				(100)
Interest		350		1,494		1,804		310
Total Receipts		27,450		28,594		17,545		(11,049)
DISBURSEMENTS								
Protection to Persons and Property		41,424		41,424		19,472		21,952
Administration		14,026		18,161				18,161
Total Disbursements		55,450		59,585		19,472		40,113
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(28,000)		(30,991)		(1,927)		29,064
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds						11,000		11,000
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						11,000		11,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(28,000)		(30,991)		9,073		40,064
Fund Balance - Beginning		28,000		30,991		30,991		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	40,064	\$	40,064

MCLEAN COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the state local finance officer, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The county judge/executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the state local finance officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 2. Reconciliation of the General Fund

Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses) - Budgetary Basis	\$ 226,566
To adjust for payroll account balance	 (33,895)
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses) - Regulatory Basis	\$ 192,671
Fund Balance - Ending - Budgetary Basis	\$ 847,498
To adjust for payroll account balance	(33,895)
Fund Balance - Ending - Regulatory Basis	\$ 813,603
,,	 0.10,000

MCLEAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Other Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024



MCLEAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Other Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

The fiscal court reports the following Schedule of Capital Assets:

	Restated			
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Land	\$ 2,400,509	\$	\$	\$ 2,400,509
Buildings	11,218,777	1,420,636		12,639,413
Vehicles and Equipment	3,896,742	170,607		4,067,349
Other Equipment	4,954,097	559,918		5,514,015
Infrastructure	8,627,472	186,075		8,813,547
Total Capital Assets	\$ 31,097,597	\$ 2,337,236	\$ 0	\$ 33,434,833

MCLEAN COUNTY NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION - REGULATORY BASIS SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

June 30, 2024

Note 1. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported as other information. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life	
	T1	hreshold	(Years)	
Land Improvements	\$	25,000	50	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	50	
Other Equipment	\$	5,000	10	
Vehicles and Equipment	\$	5,000	10	
Infrastructure	\$	1,000	50	

Note 2. Restatement of Capital Assets Beginning Balance

	Prior Year				
	Audited		Current Year		
	Ending Balance	Difference	Beginning Balance		
Land	\$ 1,250,309	\$ 1,150,200	\$ 2,400,509		
Buildings	11,118,777	100,000	11,218,777		
Vehicles and Equipment	2,832,009	1,064,733	3,896,742		
Other Equipment	4,985,887	(31,790)	4,954,097		
Infrastructure	6,978,498	1,648,974	8,627,472		
	\$ 27,165,480	\$ 3,932,117	\$ 31,097,597		

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS





ALLISON BALL AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Curtis Dame, McLean County Judge/Executive Members of the McLean County Fiscal Court

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the McLean County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statement which collectively comprise the McLean County Fiscal Court's financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated February 17, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the McLean County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the McLean County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the McLean County Fiscal Court's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2024-001 to be a material weakness.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* (Continued)

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2024-002 and 2024-003 to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the McLean County Fiscal Court's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2024-001.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the McLean County's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The county's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Allisa Ball

Allison Ball

Auditor of Public Accounts

Frankfort, Ky

February 17, 2025

MCLEAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024



MCLEAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:

2024-001 The McLean County Fiscal Court Failed To Implement Adequate Internal Controls To Ensure Complete And Accurate Accounting Records Were Maintained

This is a repeat finding and was included in the prior year audit report as finding 2023-001. The internal controls implemented by the fiscal court over the work performed by the former county treasurer failed to provide adequate oversight, allowing the following errors to occur:

- The fourth quarter financial statement was misstated. Receipts were misstated by \$203,381, while disbursements were misstated by \$40.
- The treasurer's settlement was not submitted to the fiscal court timely.
- The Local Government Economic Development Fund (LGEDF) was not included in the budget. The fund had a prior year surplus of \$25,545.

According to the County Judge/Executive and staff, a lack of management oversight caused these errors. When transferring funds from one bank account to another bank account within the same fund, the former county treasurer incorrectly treated these transactions as interfund transfers in/out instead of inter-account transfers. The new county treasurer was unaware the treasurer's settlement was required to be submitted to the fiscal court after the former county treasurer retired at year-end. The fiscal court planned to close the LGEDF fund during the fiscal year and mistakenly left off the prior year's surplus when preparing the budget.

Due to the fiscal court's lack of effective oversight of the treasury functions, the deficiencies, noncompliances, and undetected errors noted above pertaining to required record-keeping occurred without detection.

KRS 46.010(2) requires, "each county treasurer, and each county officer who receives or disburses state funds, to keep an accurate account of receipts and disbursements, showing a daily balance of receipts and disbursements." KRS 46.010(3) requires, "all county officers handling state funds, other than taxes, to make an annual report to the Department for Local Government showing receipts and disbursements, and to make other financial statements as the Department for Local Government requires." In addition to adhering to applicable laws and regulation, effective oversight over the preparation and reporting processes are a basic internal control necessary to ensure the accuracy and reliability of financial reports.

KRS 68.020(5) states, "[t]he county treasurer shall, when required by the fiscal court, settle his accounts as county treasurer, and within thirty (30) days after the close of each fiscal year, he shall, unless his immediate predecessor has done so, make a full and complete settlement for the preceding fiscal year with the fiscal court or with a person or persons whom the fiscal court, by order of record, appoints to make settlement with him. In case of a vacancy, the county judge/executive shall call a special meeting which shall proceed in the manner it deems proper to settle the accounts of the county treasurer."

KRS 68.240(1) states, "[t]he county judge/executive shall annually prepare a proposed budget for the expenditure of all funds, including those from state and federal sources, which are to be expended by the fiscal court in the next fiscal year. The proposed budget shall be classified into budget units as outlined in subsection (2) of this section. In addition to preparing a reasonable estimate of the funds actually needed for both general and special purposes, the county judge/executive shall prepare an estimated statement of receipts to be anticipated from local, state and federal sources. The county judge/executive shall submit the proposed budget and estimate of receipts to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year."

MCLEAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS: (Continued)

2024-001 The McLean County Fiscal Court Failed To Implement Adequate Internal Controls To Ensure Complete And Accurate Accounting Records Were Maintained (Continued)

We recommend the McLean County Fiscal Court strengthen oversight and internal controls to ensure complete and accurate accounting records are maintained and establish checks and balances to verify amounts recorded are accurate.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action:

County Judge/Executive's Response: The County Finance staff will continue to work to develop and implement robust internal financial controls.

2024-002 The McLean County Fiscal Court Failed To Properly Reconcile The Payroll Revolving Account

The McLean County Fiscal Court uses a clearing bank account for payroll processing. Payroll Revolving Account is established to process individual payroll transactions and should zero out or reconcile to a minimal carrying balance. Deposits are made into the bank account from the county's operating accounts to pay for salaries, taxes, matching portion of taxes, retirement, health insurance, and other payments to benefit vendors. The former county treasurer did not properly prepare the June 30, 2024, monthly reconciliation on the Payroll Revolving Account. When all liabilities were accounted for, the Payroll Revolving Account had a negative reconciled balance of \$33,895 as of June 30, 2024. In addition, transfers were made throughout the year from the general fund. Even though these transfers were approved by the fiscal court and paid back to the general fund by year-end, they were not accounted for on the county's books.

There were no internal controls in place to ensure the Payroll Revolving Account was being properly reconciled each month nor to ensure all transfers were accounted for on the books. Additionally, there was an adjustment made in the software that caused the majority of the deficit for the year.

The Payroll Revolving Account should zero out at the end of the year or reconcile to a minimal carrying balance. However, because the account had not been properly reconciled, the Payroll Revolving Account had an ending balance of negative \$33,895 as of June 30, 2024. Funds were not properly transferred into the Payroll Revolving Account; therefore, the account could become overdrawn and assessed fees by the bank.

KRS 46.010(2) requires, "each county treasurer, and each county officer who receives or disburses state funds, to keep an accurate account of receipts and disbursements, showing a daily balance of receipts and disbursements." KRS 46.010(3) requires, "all county officers handling state funds, other than taxes, to make an annual report to the Department for Local Government showing receipts and disbursements, and to make other financial statements as the Department for Local Government requires." The failure to prepare accurate and timely reconciliations for bank accounts, and all other reports concerning payroll, is a basic internal control necessary to ensure the accuracy and reliability of financial reports. Due to the nature of revolving accounts, only the funds necessary to pay employees and government agencies should be transferred from other funds. Therefore, the reconciled balance each month of the Payroll Revolving Account should be zero.

We recommend the Payroll Revolving Account be properly reconciled monthly. Because the Payroll Revolving Account is a clearing account, this account should reconcile to a zero ending cash balance or a minimal carrying balance at the end of each month. In addition, the negative balance in the Payroll Revolving Account needs to be settled by the General Fund. Lastly, all transfers from the General Fund to the Payroll Revolving Account should be documented on the county's books.

MCLEAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For The Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS: (Continued)

2024-002 The McLean County Fiscal Court Failed To Properly Reconcile The Payroll Revolving Account (Continued)

<u>Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action:</u>

County Judge/Executive's Response: Issues with the county's payroll account have been identified and a solution has been chosen to alleviate reconciliation issues.

2024-003 The McLean County Fiscal Court Lacked Internal Controls Over The Reporting Of Liabilities And Debt

An internal control deficiency existed over the reporting of liabilities and debt of the McLean County Fiscal Court. The June 30, 2024, outstanding debt balances reported on the fourth quarter financial report were misstated when compared to the actual debt balances confirmed with lenders. According to the fourth quarter financial report, the total outstanding principal balances were \$1,674,207 as of June 30, 2024. This amount should have been \$1,446,832.

The county failed to implement a strong internal control system over liabilities and debt service and instead relied on a single person without adequate oversight. This lack of internal controls resulted in the county's fourth quarter financial report's outstanding principal balance being overstated by \$227,375 and interest balances understated by \$25,678. In addition, the risk of misstatements and undetected errors increases when proper internal controls are not implemented.

KRS 46.010(2) requires, "each county treasurer, and each county officer who receives or disburses state funds, to keep an accurate account of receipts and disbursements, showing a daily balance of receipts and disbursements." KRS 46.010(3) requires, "all county officers handling state funds, other than taxes, to make an annual report to the Department for Local Government showing receipts and disbursements, and to make other financial statements as the Department for Local Government requires." The reporting of outstanding debt balances is a basic internal control necessary to ensure the accuracy and reliability of financial reports.

We recommend the McLean County Fiscal Court strengthen internal controls over the reporting of outstanding debt balances. Internal controls, such as comparisons of payment amounts and outstanding balances to amortization and payment schedules should be implemented. We also recommend the county consult with lenders to verify outstanding debt balances are in agreement with the county's schedule of leases and liabilities. Such practices will strengthen internal controls over liabilities and debt service and ensure that the proper amounts are reported.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Action:

County Judge/Executive's Response: Staff will develop tracking and documentation records to facilitate accurate liability reporting.



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

MCLEAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

The McLean County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance and Development Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

County Treasurer