

**REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE
FORMER MASON COUNTY
SHERIFF**

**For The Period
January 1, 2024 Through April 30, 2024**



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ALLISON BALL
AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Owen McNeill, Mason County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Patrick Boggs, Former Mason County Sheriff
The Honorable Ryan Swolsky, Mason County Sheriff
Members of the Mason County Fiscal Court

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statement

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the former Sheriff of Mason County, Kentucky, for the period January 1, 2024 through April 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the former Mason County Sheriff for the period January 1, 2024 through April 30, 2024, in accordance with the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Commonwealth of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws as described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles section of our report, the financial statement does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the former Mason County Sheriff, as of April 30, 2024, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the period then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Program for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the former Mason County Sheriff and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



The Honorable Owen McNeill, Mason County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Patrick Boggs, Former Mason County Sheriff
The Honorable Ryan Swolsky, Mason County Sheriff
Members of the Mason County Fiscal Court

Basis for Opinion (Continued)

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the former Mason County Sheriff on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky, to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the laws of Kentucky to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the former Mason County Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Mason County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.

The Honorable Owen McNeill, Mason County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Patrick Boggs, Former Mason County Sheriff
The Honorable Ryan Swolsky, Mason County Sheriff
Members of the Mason County Fiscal Court

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement (Continued)

- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the former Mason County Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we have identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 1, 2025, on our consideration of the former Mason County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, in considering the former Mason County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,



Allison Ball
Auditor of Public Accounts
Frankfort, KY

October 1, 2025

**MASON COUNTY
PATRICK BOGGS, FORMER SHERIFF
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS**

For The Period January 1, 2024 through April 30, 2024

Receipts

Federal:

Grants	\$ 289
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State - Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund (KLEFPF)	12,541
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State Fees For Services:

Finance and Administration Cabinet	40,045
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Fiscal Court	1,321
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County Clerk - Delinquent Taxes	84
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Commission On Taxes Collected	55,940
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Fees Collected For Services:

Auto Inspections	\$ 3,725
Accident and Police Reports	683
Serving Papers	10,280
Carry Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits	1,325
Mental Health Transports	699
School Resource Officer Reimbursement	<u>6,000</u>
	22,712

Other:

Add-On Fees	46,255
Miscellaneous	6,268
Fiscal Court Processing Fee	<u>1,710</u>
	54,233

Interest Earned	3
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Borrowed Money:

State Advancement	<u>160,000</u>
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Total Receipts	347,168
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MASON COUNTY
 PATRICK BOGGS, FORMER SHERIFF
 STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS
 For The Period January 1, 2024 through April 30, 2024
 (Continued)

Disbursements

Operating Disbursements:

Personnel Services-		
Deputies' Salaries	\$	142,324
Part-Time Salaries		39,087
Other Salaries		27,795
Overtime		10,842
KLEFPF		8,600
Employee Benefits-		
Employer's Share Hazardous Duty Retirement		3,941
Contracted Services-		
Fiscal Court Processing Fee		2,050
Materials and Supplies-		
Office Materials and Supplies		1,613
Uniforms		85
Law Enforcement Equipment		43
Other Charges-		
Conventions and Travel		2,022
Postage		106
Bond		190
Return Fugitives		3,718
Reimbursement		<u>37</u>
		<u>\$ 242,453</u>
Total Disbursements		<u>\$ 242,453</u>
Net Receipts		104,715
Less: Statutory Maximum		<u>36,034</u>
Excess Fees		68,681
Less: Training Incentive Benefit		<u>5,153</u>
Excess Fees Due County for 2024		63,528
Payment to Fiscal Court - April 30, 2024		<u>63,725</u>
Balance Due From Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit*		<u>\$ (197)</u>

* - The former sheriff was underpaid \$197, resulting in an overpayment of \$197 to the fiscal court.

MASON COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

April 30, 2024

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Authority for the regulatory basis is found in Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS).

The Department for Local Government (DLG) is the regulatory agency responsible for establishing minimum accounting requirements for local government entities. The commissioner of the DLG is designated as the state local finance officer. (KRS 68.001). The DLG must prescribe and maintain “a uniform system of accounting and reporting on the receipt, use and handling of all public funds, other than taxes, due and payable to the state” from local government entities. (KRS 46.010(1)). The state local finance officer supervises the administration of the county uniform budget system and accounts and financial operations and must prescribe a “uniform system of accounts for all counties and county officials.” (KRS 68.210). Under this authority, the DLG requires local governments to follow guidelines set forth in its *County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual* (Manual) to meet the minimum required reporting for financial statement purposes.

The regulatory basis is outlined in the Manual and defines the measurement, presentation, disclosure, and recognition requirements for financial transactions when preparing regulatory basis financial statements. The Manual includes the standardized format for quarterly reporting to DLG.

Under this regulatory basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed, with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) as of December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2024 services
- Reimbursements for 2024 activities
- Payments due to other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections and payroll
- Payments due to vendors for goods or services provided in 2024

C. Measurement Focus and Excess Fees

The measurement focus of a fee official’s financial statement is upon current financial resources. A sheriff must remit to the fiscal court any income of his or her office, including the income from investments, that exceeds the sum of his or her maximum salary as permitted by the Constitution and other reasonable expenses, including compensation of deputies and assistants, when making his or her annual settlement. (KRS 134.192(12)). This settlement is due to the fiscal court by March 15 of each year. (KRS 134.192(11)). An outgoing sheriff shall make a final settlement with the fiscal court by March 15 immediately following the expiration of his or her term of office. (KRS 64.830). The fiscal court shall collect any amount due from the sheriff as determined by the audit. (KRS 64.820).

D. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

MASON COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT
April 30, 2024
(Continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fund Accounting (Continued)

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

E. Cash and Investments

KRS 66.480 authorizes the sheriff's office to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The sheriff's office has elected to participate, pursuant to KRS 78.530, in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which has been governed by the CERS nine-member board of trustees since April 1, 2021. The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) was created by KRS 61.505, effective April 1, 2021, to provide staffing and daily administrative needs for CERS and Kentucky Retirement Systems. CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions, vesting requirements, and provisions are established by statute and are determined by participation date and hazardous or non-hazardous participation.

The sheriff's contribution for calendar year 2022 was \$18,710, calendar year 2023 was \$20,094, and for the period January 1 through April 30, 2024 was \$3,941. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees for the period January 1 through April 30, 2024, was 23.34%. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 43.69 for the period January 1 through April 30, 2024.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

CERS provides post-retirement health care, cost of living adjustments for all recipients of retirement benefits, and a retired member's death benefit, all determined by participation date and hazardous or non-hazardous participation.

Specific details about retiree pension and OPEB benefits can be found online at: <https://www.kyret.ky.gov/Publications>.

Kentucky Public Pension Authority's Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report

KPPA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on CERS. Many of these annual reports are available online at <https://kyret.ky.gov>. Reports may also be obtained by writing the KPPA, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

MASON COUNTY
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT
 April 30, 2024
 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Kentucky Public Pension Authority's Annual Financial Report and Proportionate Share Audit Report
 (Continued)

KPPA also issues proportionate share audit reports for both total pension liability and other post-employment benefits for CERS determined by actuarial valuation, as well as each participating county's proportionate share. Both the Schedules of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and the Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer reports and the related actuarial tables are available online at <https://kyret.ky.gov>. The complete actuarial valuation report, including all actuarial assumptions and methods, is also available on the website or can be obtained as described in the paragraph above.

Note 3. Deposits

The former Mason County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with federally insured banking institutions as required by the Manual. The Manual strongly recommends perfected pledges of securities covering all public funds except direct federal obligations and funds protected by federal insurance. In order to be perfected in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The former Mason County Sheriff did not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of the Manual. As of April 30, 2024, all deposits were covered by a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 4. Federal Grant

The Mason County Sheriff's Office received a traffic safety grant from the Commonwealth of Kentucky in the amount of \$5,000. Funds totaling \$289 were expended during the audit period. The unexpended grant balance was \$4,711 as of April 30, 2024.

Note 5. Short-term Debt

The Mason County Sheriff's Office was committed to the following short-term debt as of April 30, 2024.

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
State Advancement	\$ 160,000			\$ 160,000
Total Short-term Debt	\$ 0	\$ 160,000	\$ 0	\$ 160,000

The incoming sheriff paid the state advance in full on December 27, 2024.

MASON COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT
April 30, 2024
(Continued)

Note 6. Project Lifesaver Account

The Mason County Sheriff's Office maintains a project lifesaver account. This is a rescue program for persons with Alzheimer's disease and related disorders who may become lost and wander away. On January 1, 2024, the balance was \$172. There was no activity during the audit period. As of April 30, 2024, the balance in the account was \$172.

Note 7. Forfeiture Account

The Mason County Sheriff's Office maintains an account for the purpose of receiving assets forfeited to the Commonwealth of Kentucky as a result of legal proceedings. On January 1, 2024, the balance was \$6,091. During the audit period, the account received \$1,324 and expended \$378. As of April 30, 2024, the balance in the account was \$7,037.

Note 8. Donation Account

The Mason County Sheriff's Office maintains an account for the purpose of receiving private and public donations to the sheriff's office. On January 1, 2024, the balance was \$31. There was no activity during the audit period. As of April 30, 2024, the balance in the account was \$31.

Note 9. LESO Account

The Mason County Sheriff's Office maintains an account for the purpose of receiving the proceeds from the sale of federal surplus property. On January 1, 2024, the balance was \$17. There was no activity during the audit period. As of April 30, 2024, the balance in the account was \$17.

Note 10. K-9 Donation Account

The Mason County Sheriff's Office maintains an account for the purpose of receiving private and public donations for the purchase of a K-9. On January 1, 2024, the balance was \$1,700. There was no activity during the audit period. As of April 30, 2024, the balance in the account was \$1,700.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL
STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

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ALLISON BALL AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Owen McNeill, Mason County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Patrick Boggs, Former Mason County Sheriff
The Honorable Ryan Swolsky, Mason County Sheriff
Members of the Mason County Fiscal Court

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Audit Program for County Fee Officials* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Excess Fees - Regulatory Basis of the former Mason County Sheriff for the period January 1, 2024 through April 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated October 1, 2025. The former Mason County Sheriff's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the former Mason County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Mason County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the former Mason County Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And
On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial
Statement Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*
(Continued)

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the former Mason County Sheriff's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Allison Ball
Auditor of Public Accounts
Frankfort, KY

October 1, 2025